Client's ref.: 91150093 Our ref: 0711-9035USF/Joanne/Kevin

## What is claimed is:

1. A laser diode light-emitting system,
 2 comprising:

- a laser diode module receiving a driving current to emit light and outputting a brightness signal corresponding to the brightness of the light;
- a driving module changing a voltage level of a driving signal according to a voltage level of the brightness signal; and
- a plurality of bipolar junction transistors (BJTs), connected in parallel and coupled to a voltage source, providing the driving current to the laser diode module, wherein bases of the BJTs are coupled to the driving signal and wherein a value of the driving current is changed according to the voltage level of the driving signal.
- 2. The laser diode light-emitting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the BJT is a PNP-type transistor having a collector outputting the driving current to the laser diode module and an emitter coupled to the voltage source and wherein the driving signal is directly proportional to the brightness signal and inversely proportional to the driving current.
- 3. The laser diode light-emitting system as claimed in claim 1, wherein the BJT is a NPN-type transistor having an emitter outputting the driving current to the laser diode module and a collector coupled

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5 to the voltage source and wherein the driving signal is directly proportional to the brightness signal and inversely proportional to the driving current.

- 4. The laser diode light-emitting system claimed in claim 1, wherein the laser diode module comprises:
  - a laser diode receiving the driving current to emit light; and
  - a photo-detector detecting the brightness of the light emitted from the laser diode to generate the brightness signal, wherein the brightness of the light emitted from the laser diode is directly proportional to the brightness signal.
- 5. laser diode driving device outputting driving current to a laser diode module, wherein when receiving the driving current, the laser diode module emits light and outputs a brightness signal corresponding to the brightness of the light, comprising:
  - a plurality of bipolar junction transistors (BJTs), connected in parallel and coupled to a voltage source, supplying the driving current to the laser diode module; and
  - driving module changing a voltage level of driving signal according to a voltage level of the brightness signal.
- 6. driving device as claimed in claim 5, wherein the BJT is a PNP-type transistor having collector outputting the driving current to the laser

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diode module and an emitter coupled to the voltage source and wherein the driving signal is directly proportional to the brightness signal and inversely proportional to the driving current.

- 7. The driving device as claimed in Claim 5, wherein the BJT is a NPN-type transistor having an emitter outputting the driving current to the laser diode module and a collector coupled to the voltage source and wherein the driving signal is directly proportional to the brightness signal and inversely proportional to the driving current.
  - 8. A laser diode driving circuit, comprising:
  - a laser diode module receiving a driving current to
    emit light and output a brightness signal
    corresponding to the brightness of the light;
  - a driving module changing a voltage level of a driving signal according to a voltage level of the brightness signal; and
  - a plurality of current paths, each of which is controlled by the driving signal, wherein an amount of total currents on all current paths is the driving current, wherein the driving current is changed according to the voltage level of the driving signal, and wherein the current on each current path is in an active region.
- 9. The driving circuit as claimed in claim 8, wherein each of the current paths is a PNP-type bipolar

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junction transistor with a collector coupled to the laser diode module, an emitter coupled to the voltage source, and a base coupled to the driving signal and wherein the driving signal is directly proportional to the brightness signal.

10. The driving circuit as claimed in claim 8, wherein each of the current paths is a NPN-type bipolar junction transistor with an emitter coupled to the laser diode module, a collector coupled to the voltage source, and a base coupled to the driving signal and wherein the driving signal is inversely proportional to the brightness signal.